



INSTRUCTION FOR USE

Nail Panel PCR Kit

For Research Use Only



100



MBLNAIL009





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1. INTENDED USE

For Research Use Only (RUO). Not for use in diagnostic procedures. No claim or representation is intended to provide information for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of disease. Furthermore, this test kit is not intended for the diagnosis of infectious diseases in animals.

The *MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit* is a multiplex, qualitative Real-Time Polymerase Chain Reaction (qPCR) test intended for the simultaneous detection and identification of multiple pathogenic nucleic acids in research samples. The kit enables qPCR results in less than one hour. It is designed to detect gene sequences from the following organisms:

Targets				
Microsporum gypseum	Candida auris			
Microsporum canis/audouinii	Aspergillus niger			
Trichophyton spp	Aspergillus flavus			
Malassezia furfur	Aspergillus fumigatus			
Malassezia sympodialis	Aspergillus terreus			
Candida krusei	Epidermophyton floccosum			
Candida albicans	Fusarium oxysporum			
Candida glabrata	Trichosporon asahii			
Candida parapsilosis	Trichosporon mucoides			
Controls				
Human RNase P (IC)				
Bacillus atrophaeus (EC)				

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2. PRINCIPLE of the PROCEDURE

DNA target regions are amplified using real-time PCR instruments, along with the specific primer and probe sets provided in the kit. During amplification, each probe binds to a specific target sequence located between the forward and reverse primers. During the extension phase of the PCR cycle, the 5' nuclease activity of Taq polymerase cleaves the probe, separating the reporter dye from the quencher and generating a fluorescent signal. With each cycle, more reporter dye molecules are released, resulting in an increase in fluorescence intensity. Fluorescence is measured at each cycle by the real-time PCR instrument. Probes labeled with distinct fluorophores are used to detect specific amplicons derived from both the target sequences and the internal control. The PCR instrument monitors the fluorescence signals in real time and interprets the data to provide a qualitative result for each target. A positive result for the presence of target DNA is indicated by the appearance of a real-time PCR amplification curve and a corresponding Cq (Quantification Cycle) value.

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3. KIT COMPONENTS

The *MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit* consists of four main components:

- 1. qPCR Enzyme and Buffer Mix (qPCR Master Mix)
- 2. Forward, Reverse and Probe Oligo Mix (NP Oligo Mix 1-8)
- 3. A mixture of non-infectious DNA from artificial samples, including the targets listed in the table below (PC-NP)
- 4. DNase/RNase-Free Water (NTC)

The components of the kit are provided in Table 1-2.

Table 1. Kit components.

		Quantity x Volume
Component	Description	100 rxn MBLNAIL009
qPCR Master Mix	Ready-to-use mix for qPCR	4 x 1000 μL
NP Oligo Mix 1-8	Primers and probes complementary to specific regions of the targets listed in the table above	8 x 250 μL
PC-NP	A mixture of non-infectious DNA from artificial samples, including the targets listed in the table below	2 x 400 μL
NTC	DNase/RNase-Free Water	2 x 400 μL

Table 2. Oligo Mix target organisms and detection channels.

Vial Name	Target	Channel
	Epidermophyton floccosum	FAM/Green
ND Olive Min 4	Candida krusei	HEX/VIC/JOE/Yellow
NP Oligo Mix 1	Trichosporon asahii	ROX/Texas Red/Orange
	-	CY5/Red
	Candida albicans	FAM/Green
ND Oliva Miv 2	Aspergillus flavus	HEX/VIC/JOE/Yellow
NP Oligo Mix 2	-	ROX/Texas Red/Orange
	Bacillus atrophaeus (EC)	CY5/Red
	Aspergillus niger	FAM/Green
ND Oliva Miv 2	Candida glabrata	HEX/VIC/JOE/Yellow
NP Oligo Mix 3	-	ROX/Texas Red/Orange
	Fusarium oxysporum	CY5/Red

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	Trichophyton spp	FAM/Green
ND Olive Min 4	-	HEX/VIC/JOE/Yellow
NP Oligo Mix 4	-	ROX/Texas Red/Orange
	Candida auris	CY5/Red
	Malassezia furfur	FAM/Green
NP Oligo Mix 5	-	HEX/VIC/JOE/Yellow
NF Oligo Mix 5	Candida parapsilosis	ROX/Texas Red/Orange
	Aspergillus terreus	CY5/Red
	-	FAM/Green
ND Olive Miss C	-	HEX/VIC/JOE/Yellow
NP Oligo Mix 6	Aspergillus fumigatus	ROX/Texas Red/Orange
	Human RNase P (IC)	CY5/Red
	Microsporum gypseum	FAM/Green
ND Oliva Miv 7	Microsporum canis/audouinii	HEX/VIC/JOE/Yellow
NP Oligo Mix 7	-	ROX/Texas Red/Orange
	-	CY5/Red
	-	FAM/Green
ND Oliva Miv 0	Malassezia sympodialis	HEX/VIC/JOE/Yellow
NP Oligo Mix 8	-	ROX/Texas Red/Orange
	Trichosporon mucoides	CY5/Red

The oligonucleotide set targeting the human *RNase P* (Internal Control: IC) and *Bacillus atrophaeus* (External Control: EC) are used to monitor sampling, nucleic acid extraction, and inhibition of qPCR. The kit also contains negative and positive control templates to evaluate contamination and the qPCR reagent stability, respectively.

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4. EQUIPMENT and MATERIALS REQUIRED but NOT PROVIDED

- 2-8°C Refrigerator
- ≤ -20°C Freezer
- ≤ -70°C Freezer (Optional)
- Vortex mixer
- Benchtop centrifuge with rotor for 1.5 mL tubes
- Benchtop mini centrifuge with rotor for PCR strips
- Benchtop plate centrifuge
- Biological Safety Cabinet (BSC)
- PCR cabinet for PCR Setup
- Adjustable Micropipettes: 1-10, 10-100, 100-1000 μL
- Sterile DNase/RNase free micropipettes tips Compatible with the micropipettes
- Cold tube rack for microfuge tubes (1.5/2 mL) and for PCR tubes (0.1/0.2 mL)
- Disposable, powder-free, nitrile gloves
- Disposable (preferably) laboratory coat
- Surface decontaminants Freshly diluted 10% bleach solution (0.5% NaClO)
- Applied Biosystems QuantStudio 5, 7, and 12K with Design & Analysis software and consumables
- Bio-Rad CFX96 Touch™/CFX96™ Dx/CFX Opus 96™/CFX Opus 96™ Dx/CFX384 Touch™/CFX Opus 384™ with Maestro software v1.1 and consumables
- Qiagen Rotor-Gene Q 5plex Platform with Rotor-Gene Q series software v2.1.0.9 and consumables
- Roche LightCycler 480 with software and consumables

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5. WARNING and PRECAUTIONS

- The MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit is intended for research use only and should be used by professionally trained, qualified personnel. All procedures should be performed in accordance with Good Laboratory Practices (GLP).
- Biological material used for nucleic acid extraction should be handled as potentially infectious. Appropriate safety
 precautions are recommended when handling biological material (e.g., do not pipet by mouth; wear disposable gloves;
 disinfect hands after completing the test).
- Biological material should be inactivated before disposal (e.g., autoclaving). Disposable items should be autoclaved or incinerated after use.
- In the event of a spill involving potentially infectious materials, the spill should be immediately absorbed with paper tissue, and the affected area should be disinfected using a suitable standard disinfectant or 70% alcohol. Materials used for cleaning spills, including gloves, should be inactivated before disposal (e.g., autoclaving).
- Disposal of all samples, unused reagents and waste should be in accordance with country, federal, state, and local regulations.
- To avoid microbial contamination of reagents during aliquoting, it is recommended to use sterile, single-use pipettes and tips. Reagents that appear cloudy or show signs of microbial contamination should not be used.
- The kit should be stored away from nucleic acid sources and PCR amplicons to prevent contamination.
- Always check the expiration date on the kit. Do not use expired or improperly stored kits.
- Components in the kit should not be mixed with components from different lot numbers or from different manufacturers, even if they contain the same components.
- The kit components should be gently mixed before use by shaking.
- A common issue with PCR-based assays is false positive results caused by contamination from PCR amplicons. To minimize the risk of amplicon contamination:
 - o Ensure separate work areas with dedicated apparatus are available for each stage of the procedure.
 - Do not open reaction tubes/plates post-amplification to avoid contamination with amplicons.
 - o Discard used tubes/plates immediately in a biohazard container after completing the run.
 - Minimize handling of tubes/plates after testing.
 - Change gloves after handling used tubes/plates.

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6. HANDLING, STORAGE, and STABILITY

- The *MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit* is shipped on dry ice. If any component, except the qPCR Master Mix, is not frozen upon arrival or if the outer packaging has been compromised during shipment, please contact *MarinaBiolab* or the local distributor immediately.
- Upon arrival, all components should be stored between -25°C and -15°C.
- Repeated freezing and thawing of the kit components may reduce detection quality. The kit can withstand up to 15 freeze/thaw cycles without impacting performance.
- When stored under the specified conditions, the kit remains stable until the expiration date printed on the package. The expiration date is 12 months from the date of manufacture.
- All components must be thawed at ambient temperature for at least 30 minutes before use.
- It is recommended to keep all components on ice when preparing the assay mixes.
- The primer and probe mixes contain fluorophore-labeled probes and should be protected from direct sunlight and prolonged exposure to ambient light.
- Do not use expired or improperly stored components.

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7. TEST PROCEDURE

7.1. Sample Preparation and Nucleic Acid Extraction

Samples intended for nucleic acid isolation must be collected using appropriate cell collection systems. The performance of the kit is highly dependent on both the quantity and quality of the extracted nucleic acid. Ensure that the extraction method used is compatible with real-time PCR technology.

If the laboratory's established standard protocol is used for nucleic acid isolation, it must be validated by the end user.

For frozen samples or previously extracted nucleic acid, thaw only the amount required for testing on the same day. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles, as these can compromise nucleic acid integrity. For best results, use the nucleic acid immediately after thawing.

7.2. PCR Reaction Preparation and Processing

- Completely thaw all components at room temperature for at least 30 minutes prior to use.
- Once thawed, keep all components on ice throughout the entire testing procedure.
- Determine the number of reactions needed and prepare a PCR plate layout accordingly.
- The plate layout should include the following:
 - Reactions for each test sample and extraction negative control.
 - PCR control reactions:
 - Positive Control (provided in the kit)
 - Negative (No Template) Control (NTC) (provided in the kit)
 - No Template Addition Control (NRC)
- Vortex and briefly centrifuge all components before each use.
- Prepare a master mix by combining the required components for the total number of reactions plus an additional 10% to account for pipetting variability.

Table 3. Reaction set-up.

Reaction Mix Component	1X Reaction (μL) per well	
qPCR Master Mix	5 μL	
NP Oligo Mix 1-8	2.5 μL	
Template Nucleic Acid	2.5 μL	
Total Reaction Volume	10 μL	

- Add 5 μL of qPCR Master Mix and 2.5 μL of NP Oligo Mix 1-8 to each PCR tube.
- Add 2.5 μL of the isolated sample to the corresponding tubes.
- The final reaction volume should be 10 µL.
- Close the tubes, centrifuge briefly, then place them into the real-time PCR instrument.
- Proceed with amplification using the PCR profile outlined below.

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 Table 4. Amplification profile.

Step	Number of Cycles	Temperature	Time	Data Collection
Initial Denaturation	1	95 ℃	10 sec	FAM/Green
Denaturation	40	95 ℃	5 sec	HEX/VIC/JOE/Yellow ROX/Texas Red/Orange
Annealing/Extension	40	55 °C	15 sec	CY5/Red

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8. INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit provides a qualitative result for the presence (Detected) or absence (Not Detected) of the target genes.

8.1. Calculation of Cq Values and Instrument-Specific Requirements

Configure the following instrument settings before evaluating the results.

Table 5. Instrument-specific settings.

Instrument	Threshold Level	Other Settings
CFX96 Touch™/CFX96™ Dx/CFX Opus 96™/CFX Opus 96™ Dx/ CFX384 Touch™/CFX Opus 384™ (Bio-Rad)	500 RFU	-
Rotor-Gene Q 5plex Platform (QIAGEN)	0.02 RFU	Dynamic Tube: Active Slope Correct: Active Outlier Removal: 0
QuantStudio™ 5, 7 and 12K (Applied Biosystems™)	Auto	-
Roche LightCycler 480 (Roche)	Auto	-

The shape of the amplification curves should be evaluated. If the instrument's software assigns a Cq value to a sample and the curve is sigmoidal, the Cq value can be used in the final assessment. *Non-sigmoidal curves should be recorded as negative*.

A result is considered positive if the Cq value is \leq 35, or as determined by your laboratory's protocols.

8.2. Overall Validity of Detection

Table 6. Expected performance of controls.

Control Type	Used to Monitor	Signal		
Control Type	osed to monitor	Target Channel	Internal/External Control Channel	
Negative Control Cross-contamination during extraction and reaction setup		-	-	
No template addition	Reagent and/or environmental contamination	-	-	
Positive Control	qPCR reaction setup and reagent integrity	+	+	
Internal/External Control	To monitor the integrity of nucleic acid extraction and qPCR from each specimen	Not applicable	+	

Before analyzing sample results, we recommend verifying the validity of the real-time PCR test. For each run, please confirm that the Positive and Negative controls performed as expected, based on the following criteria:

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Table 7. Run validity/positive and negative control pass criteria.

Positive	Positive Control		Control		_
Target Channel	Internal/External Control Channel	Target Channel	Internal/External Control Channel	Results	Recommendation
+	+	-	-	VALID	Proceed with the interpretation of sample results.
Any of them is Negative		Not con	sidered	INVALID	Contact the manufacturer, replenish the reagents, and repeat the reaction.
Not considered		Any of them is Positive		INVALID	Repeat the analysis, ensuring to follow the 'Warnings and Precautions' outlined in the IFU.

If any control fails to perform as described above, the run is considered invalid and must be repeated. If the issue persists, contact the manufacturer.

If all controls perform as expected, proceed with the interpretation of the results.

8.3. Interpretation of Unknown Specimen Results

The data generated by the instruments can be manually evaluated and reported using their software.

Table 8. Interpretation of unknown specimen results for DNA pathogens.

DNA Pathogens	Internal Control (RNase P)	External Control (Bacillus atrophaeus)	Results	Interpretation
Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Positive for Target	Target DNA is detected
Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Positive for Target	Target DNA is detected
Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Positive for Target	Target DNA is detected
Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Invalid	Repeat the test by re-extracting the sample. If the result remains invalid, consider collecting a new sample.
Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Negative for Target	Target DNA is not detected
Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Negative for Target	Target DNA is not detected
Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Positive (+) (Cq<35)	Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Negative for Target	Target DNA is not detected
Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Negative (-) (Cq≥35 or N/A)	Invalid	Repeat the test by re-extracting the sample. If the result remains invalid, consider collecting a new sample.

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9. ASSAY LIMITATIONS

- The MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit is intended for use only by professionally trained and qualified staff.
- A false negative result may occur if the specimen is improperly collected, transported, or handled. False negatives can also occur if amplification inhibitors are present in the specimen or if insufficient numbers of organisms are present.
- Spontaneous mutations within the target sequences may result in failure to detect the target. While the test design mitigates this risk, if target detection failure is anticipated, it is recommended to test the specimen with a different assay that targets other sequences in the genome.
- There is a risk of false positive results due to cross-contamination by target viruses and/or bacteria, their nucleic acids or amplified products, or from non-specific signals in the assay. Proper handling of consumables, as outlined in the Warnings and Precautions section, is crucial to minimize this risk.
- This assay is qualitative and does not provide a quantitative assessment of the detected organism's concentration.
- All instruments (e.g., pipettes, real-time PCR cyclers) must be calibrated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

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10. PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

10.1. Analytical Sensitivity (Limit of Detection, LoD)

The limit of detection (LoD) was defined as the concentration at which the test produces a positive result more than 95% of the time. Serial dilutions of the strains were tested, and the initial tentative LoD was confirmed with twenty (20) replicates. To ensure the accuracy of the LoD determination, if the initial detection rate was 100%, an additional twenty (20) replicates were performed at the next lower concentration until a detection rate of \leq 95% was achieved.

For nucleic acid extraction, a simulated research matrix was spiked with strains and processed using the Automatic Nucleic Acids Extraction Instrument. Testing was carried out on the CFX96 Touch™ (Bio-Rad) Real-Time PCR system. The confirmed LoDs for the strains tested, along with the corresponding LoDs for the *MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit* reportable targets, are presented in Table 9 below.

Table 9. Summary of LoD study results.

Analyte	Isolate ID/Source	LoD Concentration (copies/mL)	Detected/Total
Microsporum gypseum	ATCC 14683	7.2E+01 copies/mL	19/20 95%
Microsporum audouinii	ATCC 42558	8.9E+01 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Microsporum canis	ATCC 36299	1.2E+02 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Malassezia sympodialis	ATCC 42132	6.6E+01 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Trichosporon asahii	ATCC 90039	6.5E+01 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Epidermophyton floccosum	ATCC 9646	9.8E+01 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Trichophyton soudanense	ATCC 24869	1.7E+02 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Trichophyton terrestre	ATCC 24436	1.5E+02 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Trichosporon mucoides	NCTC NCPF 8762	1.4E+02 copies/mL	19/20 95%
Trichophyton tonsurans	ATCC 56186	1.6E+02 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Trichophyton rubrum	Zeptometrix 0804478	8.7E+01 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Trichophyton violaceum	ATCC 28944	8.8E+01 copies/mL	20/20 100%

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Trichophyton verrucosum	ATCC 28203	1.1E+02 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Candida krusei	ATCC 2159	6.8E+01 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Candida albicans	ATCC 10231	3.4E+02 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Candida glabrata	ATCC 90030	4.4E+01 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Candida parapsilosis	ATCC 22019	5.8E+01 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Candida auris	ATCC MYA-5003	7.2E+01 copies/mL	19/20 95%
Aspergillus niger	Zeptometrix 0801827	1.0E+02 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Aspergillus flavus	Zeptometrix 0801598	9.8E+01 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Aspergillus fumigatus	Zeptometrix 0801716	1.3E+02 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Aspergillus terreus	Zeptometrix 0801601	8.7E+01 copies/mL	19/20 95%
Malassezia furfur	ATCC 14521	1.2E+02 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Fusarium oxysporum	ATCC MYA-1198	7.8E+01 copies/mL	19/20 95%
Trichophyton mentagrophytes	ATCC 18748	9.8E+01 copies/mL	20/20 100%
Trichophyton interdigitale	ATCC 9533	1.2E+02 copies/mL	20/20 100%

10.2. Device Equivalence Study

A device equivalence study was conducted to assess the differences in results obtained using the kit across various instruments. For this purpose, the same LoD determination study was repeated using the Bio-Rad CFX96™ Dx/CFX Opus 96™/CFX Opus 96™ Dx/CFX384 Touch™/CFX Opus 384™, Applied Biosystems QuantStudio 5, 7, and 12K, Qiagen Rotor-Gene Q 5plex Platform, and Roche LightCycler 480. Similar results were obtained at the 1x LoD concentration level of the targets in the device equivalence study across the different instruments.

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10.3. Analytical Reactivity (Inclusivity)

10.3.1. In-Slico Analytical Reactivity

A BLAST search of the oligonucleotides was conducted on the genome sequences of *Microsporum gypseum*, *Microsporum canis/* audouinii, *Trichophyton spp.*, *Malassezia furfur*, *Malassezia sympodialis*, *Candida krusei*, *Candida albicans*, *Candida glabrata*, *Candida parapsilosis*, *Candida auris*, *Aspergillus niger*, *Aspergillus flavus*, *Aspergillus fumigatus*, *Aspergillus terreus*, *Epidermophyton floccosum*, *Fusarium oxysporum*, *Trichosporon asahii*, and *Trichosporon mucoides* using the Primer-BLAST tool on the NCBI database.

The aggregated results of all in-silico analyses performed using the NCBI database are provided in the table below. The melting temperatures (Tm) of the oligonucleotide sequences with a 1-base mismatch remain higher than the annealing temperature specified in the PCR cycle parameters of the kit. Therefore, single base mismatches in the sequences are not expected to impact the inclusivity of the test.

Table 10. In-silico analysis results performed in the NCBI database.

Target	Primer	Total number of target sequences	Ratio of the sequences without mismatch	Ratio of the sequences with 1 base mismatch	Ratio of the sequences with 2 base mismatches	Ratio of the sequences with 3 base mismatches
Trichophyton spp	Sense Primer	4234	96,77%	3,23%	0.00%	0.00%
Trichophyton spp	Antisense Primer	4234	96,77%	3,23%	0.00%	0.00%
Trichophyton spp	Hydrolysis Probe	4121	97,17%	2,83%	0.00%	0.00%
Microsporum canis/audouinii	Sense Primer	254	97,37%	2,63%	0.00%	0.00%
Microsporum canis/audouinii	Antisense Primer	254	97,37%	2,63%	0.00%	0.00%
Microsporum canis/audouinii	Hydrolysis Probe	250	97,14%	2,86%	0.00%	0.00%
Microsporum gypseum	Sense Primer	587	98,91%	1,09%	0.00%	0.00%
Microsporum gypseum	Antisense Primer	587	98,91%	1,09%	0.00%	0.00%
Microsporum gypseum	Hydrolysis Probe	494	98,79%	1,21%	0.00%	0.00%
Malassezia furfur	Sense Primer	302	99,67%	0,33%	0.00%	0.00%
Malassezia furfur	Antisense Primer	302	99,67%	0,33%	0.00%	0.00%
Malassezia furfur	Hydrolysis Probe	332	98,19%	1,81%	0.00%	0.00%
Malassezia sympodialis	Sense Primer	234	98,88%	1,12%	0.00%	0.00%
Malassezia sympodialis	Antisense Primer	234	98,88%	1,12%	0.00%	0.00%
Malassezia sympodialis	Hydrolysis Probe	234	97,12%	2.88%	0.00%	0.00%
Trichosporon asahii	Sense Primer	716	100,00%	0,00%	0.00%	0.00%
Trichosporon asahii	Antisense Primer	716	100,00%	0,00%	0.00%	0.00%
Trichosporon asahii	Hydrolysis Probe	725	100,00%	0,00%	0.00%	0.00%
Trichosporon mucoides	Sense Primer	24	95,83%	4,17%	0.00%	0.00%

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Trichosporon mucoides	Antisense Primer	24	95,83%	4,17%	0.00%	0.00%
Trichosporon mucoides	Hydrolysis Probe	22	95,45%	4,55%	0.00%	0.00%
Epidermophyton floccosum	Sense Primer	165	99,39%	0,61%	0.00%	0.00%
Epidermophyton floccosum	Antisense Primer	165	99,39%	0,61%	0.00%	0.00%
Epidermophyton floccosum	Hydrolysis Probe	166	100,00%	0,00%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida auris	Sense Primer	501	100,00%	0,00%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida auris	Antisense Primer	501	100,00%	0,00%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida auris	Hydrolysis Probe	499	100,00%	0,00%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus niger	Sense Primer	2423	94,22%	5,78%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus niger	Antisense Primer	2423	94,22%	5,78%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus niger	Hydrolysis Probe	2565	95,46%	4,54%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus fumigatus	Sense Primer	1385	93,69%	6,31%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus fumigatus	Antisense Primer	1385	93,69%	6,31%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus fumigatus	Hydrolysis Probe	1355	94,98%	5,02%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus flavus	Sense Primer	2762	97,25%	2,75%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus flavus	Antisense Primer	2762	97,25%	2,75%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus flavus	Hydrolysis Probe	2898	95,41%	4,59%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus terreus	Sense Primer	1567	97,77%	2,23%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus terreus	Antisense Primer	1567	97,77%	2,23%	0.00%	0.00%
Aspergillus terreus	Hydrolysis Probe	1445	98,41%	1,59%	0.00%	0.00%
Fusarium oxysporum	Sense Primer	2687	98.22%	1.78%	0.00%	0.00%
Fusarium oxysporum	Antisense Primer	2687	98.22%	1.78%	0.00%	0.00%
Fusarium oxysporum	Hydrolysis Probe	2790	97.99%	2.01%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida krusei	Sense Primer	1.415	100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida krusei	Antisense Primer	1.415	100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida krusei	Hydrolysis Probe	1.415	100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida albicans	Sense Primer	3.629	99.69%	0.31%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida albicans	Antisense Primer	3.728	98.85%	2.25%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida albicans	Hydrolysis Probe	3.728	98.52%	2.48%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida parapsilosis	Sense Primer	2.559	99.74%	0.26%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida parapsilosis	Antisense Primer	2.463	100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida parapsilosis	Hydrolysis Probe	2.463	100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

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Candida glabrata	Sense Primer	763	100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida glabrata	Antisense Primer	1.111	99.20%	0.80%	0.00%	0.00%
Candida glabrata	Hydrolysis Probe	1.111	99.64%	0.36%	0.00%	0.00%

10.3.2. Wet-Test Analytical Reactivity

The analytical reactivity (inclusivity) of the *MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit* was demonstrated using a comprehensive panel that represents the temporal, evolutionary, and geographic diversity of each target organism.

Each sample was tested in triplicate with the *MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit* at an initial concentration 3-fold higher than the LoD determined for each analyte. In cases where the expected targets were not detected in one or more replicates, concentrations 3-fold higher were evaluated.

The individual strains and the concentrations at which positive test results were obtained for all three replicates are presented by target organisms in Table 11 below.

Table 11. Results of the wet inclusivity test.

Variant/Type/Subtype/Lineage/Genotype/Species	Isolate ID/Source	xLoD Detected
Microsporum gypseum	ATCC 14683	1x
Microsporum audouinii	ATCC 42558	1x
Microsporum canis	ATCC 36299	1x
Malassezia sympodialis	ATCC 42132	1x
Trichosporon asahii	ATCC 90039	1x
Epidermophyton floccosum	ATCC 9646	1x
Trichophyton soudanense	ATCC 24869	1x
Trichophyton terrestre	ATCC 24436	1x
Trichosporon mucoides	NCTC NCPF 8762	1x
Trichophyton tonsurans	ATCC 56186	1x
Trichophyton rubrum	Zeptometrix 0804478	1x
Trichophyton violaceum	ATCC 28944	1x
Trichophyton verrucosum	ATCC 28203	1x
Candida krusei	ATCC 2159	1x
Candida albicans	ATCC 10231	1x
Candida glabrata	ATCC 90030	1x
Candida parapsilosis	ATCC 22019	1x
Candida auris	ATCC MYA-5003	1x

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Aspergillus niger	Zeptometrix 0801827	1x
Aspergillus flavus	Zeptometrix 0801598	1x
Aspergillus fumigatus	Zeptometrix 0801716	1x
Aspergillus terreus	Zeptometrix 0801601	1x
Malassezia furfur	ATCC 14521	1x
Fusarium oxysporum	ATCC MYA-1198	1x
Trichophyton mentagrophytes	ATCC 18748	1x
Trichophyton interdigitale	ATCC 9533	1x

10.4. Analytical Specificity (Exclusivity)

10.4.1. In-Slico Analytical Specificity

Primers and probes designed for a target sequence may also bind to similar sequences if they closely match or differ by only a few base pairs from a non-targeted sequence. To ensure specificity to the target sequence, it is essential to screen the primers and probes against the reference database for the intended templates, as well as any databases that may contain potential contaminating templates.

Table 12. The results of On-Panel and Off-Panel organisms tested for cross-reactivity.

			Cross Reactivity*	
On-Panel/Off-Panel	Name of the organism	Forward	Probe	Reverse
On-Panel	Microsporum gypseum	None	None	None
On-Panel	Microsporum audouinii	None	None	None
On-Panel	Microsporum canis	None	None	None
On-Panel	Malassezia sympodialis	None	None	None
On-Panel	Trichosporon asahii	None	None	None
On-Panel	Epidermophyton floccosum	None	None	None
On-Panel	Trichophyton soudanense	None	None	None
On-Panel	Trichophyton terrestre	None	None	None
On-Panel	Trichosporon mucoides	None	None	None
On-Panel	Trichophyton tonsurans	None	None	None
On-Panel	Trichophyton rubrum	None	None	None
On-Panel	Trichophyton violaceum	None	None	None
On-Panel	Trichophyton verrucosum	None	None	None
On-Panel	Candida krusei	None	None	None

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On-Panel	Candida albicans	None	None	None
On-Panel	Candida glabrata	None	None	None
On-Panel	Candida parapsilosis	None	None	None
On-Panel	Candida auris	None	None	None
On-Panel	Aspergillus niger	None	None	None
On-Panel	Aspergillus flavus	None	None	None
On-Panel	Aspergillus fumigatus	None	None	None
On-Panel	Aspergillus terreus	None	None	None
On-Panel	Malassezia furfur	None	None	None
On-Panel	Fusarium oxysporum	None	None	None
On-Panel	Trichophyton mentagrophytes	None	None	None
On-Panel	Trichophyton interdigitale	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Acremonium potronii	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Neofusicoccum mangiferae	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Scopulariopsis brevicaulis	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Aspergillus versicolor	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Acremonium strictum	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Sarcoptes scabiei	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Candida lusitaniae	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Candida dubliniensis	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Bartonella quintana	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Bartonella henselea	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Aspergillus clavatus	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Aspergillus nidulans	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Candida guilliermondi	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Aspergillus oryzae	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Candida humilis	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Fusarium solani	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Fusarium onychomycoses	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Epidermophyton stockdaleae	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Scopulariopsis asperula	None	None	None

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Off-Panel	Scopulariopsis brumptii	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Scopulariopsis asperula	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Paecilomyces variotii	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Acremonium acutatum	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Acremonium chilense	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Microsporum fulvum	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Microsporum nanum	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Microsporum gallinae	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Malassezia dermatis	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Malassezia japonica	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Malassezia vespertilionis	None	None	None
Off-Panel	Malassezia caprae	None	None	None

^{*} Homology should be <80% between the cross-reactivity microorganisms and the test primers/ probe(s).

10.4.2. Wet-Test Analytical Specificity

The potential for non-specific amplification by assays designed to detect analytes was evaluated by testing high concentrations of organisms or nucleic acids using the *MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit*. On-panel organisms were tested to assess potential intrapanel cross-reactivity, while off-panel organisms were tested to evaluate the specificity of the panel. Off-panel organisms included normal flora, pathogens that may be present in specimens, and genetically related species to those detected by the *MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit*. The concentration of organisms tested (in triplicate) was at least 1.0E+06 CFU/mL for bacteria, fungi, and parasites, and at least 1.0E+05 units/mL for viruses. For certain organisms that were not available for laboratory testing, in silico analysis of the organism's whole genome sequences was used. The on-panel and off-panel organisms tested are listed in Table 13 and Table 14.

Table 13. On-Panel organisms tested for evaluation of MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit analytical specificity.

Organism	Isolate ID/Source	Cross Reactivity Detected
Microsporum gypseum	ATCC 14683	None
Microsporum audouinii	ATCC 42558	None
Microsporum canis	ATCC 36299	None
Malassezia sympodialis	ATCC 42132	None
Trichosporon asahii	ATCC 90039	None
Epidermophyton floccosum	ATCC 9646	None
Trichophyton soudanense	ATCC 24869	None
Trichophyton terrestre	ATCC 24436	None

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Trichosporon mucoides	NCTC NCPF 8762	None
Trichophyton tonsurans	ATCC 56186	None
Trichophyton rubrum	Zeptometrix 0804478	None
Trichophyton violaceum	ATCC 28944	None
Trichophyton verrucosum	ATCC 28203	None
Candida krusei	ATCC 2159	None
Candida albicans	ATCC 10231	None
Candida glabrata	ATCC 90030	None
Candida parapsilosis	ATCC 22019	None
Candida auris	ATCC MYA-5003	None
Aspergillus niger	Zeptometrix 0801827	None
Aspergillus flavus	Zeptometrix 0801598	None
Aspergillus fumigatus	Zeptometrix 0801716	None
Aspergillus terreus	Zeptometrix 0801601	None
Malassezia furfur	ATCC 14521	None
Fusarium oxysporum	ATCC MYA-1198	None
Trichophyton mentagrophytes	ATCC 18748	None
Trichophyton interdigitale	ATCC 9533	None

Table 14. Off-Panel organisms were tested for evaluation of *MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit* analytical specificity.

Organism	Isolate ID/Source	Cross Reactivity Detected	
Scopulariopsis brevicaulis	ATCC 36840	None	
Aspergillus versicolor	Zeptometrix 0801822 None		
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Zeptometrix 0801908	None	
Candida lusitaniae	Zeptometrix 0801603	None	
Candida dubliniensis	Zeptometrix 0801915	None	
Bartonella quintana	Zeptometrix 0804360	None	
Bartonella henselea	Zeptometrix 0804359	None	
Aspergillus clavatus	ATCC 20062	None	
Aspergillus nidulans	ATCC 10074	None	
Candida guilliermondi	Zeptometrix 0801602 None		
Aspergillus oryzae	ATCC 1011 None		

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Candida humilis	ATCC 22992 None	
Fusarium solani	Zeptometrix 0801806	None
Scopulariopsis asperula	ATCC 58360	None
Paecilomyces variotii	ATCC 26820	None
Acremonium acutatum	ATCC 32209	None
Microsporum gallinae	ATCC 22242	None
Malassezia dermatis	ATCC MYA-4955	None

10.5. Interferences

The potential for endogenous or exogenous substances, which may be present in research samples or introduced during sample collection and handling, to interfere with the accurate detection of analytes was evaluated through select direct testing on the *MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit*. The findings were extrapolated from the interference evaluation of the kit.

Potentially interfering substances were evaluated using contrived samples spiked with the substance of interest. Results from samples containing the substance were compared to those from control samples without the substance. The substances tested included endogenous compounds that may be present in samples at normal or elevated levels (e.g., blood, mucus/mucin, human genomic DNA), various commensal or infectious microorganisms, medications, washes or topical applications, swabs and transport media used for sample collection, and substances employed to clean, decontaminate, or disinfect work areas. Each substance was added to contrived samples containing representative organisms at concentrations near (3x) the LoD. The concentration of each substance added to the samples was equal to or greater than the highest level expected in research samples, and each sample was tested in triplicate.

None of the substances tested were found to interfere with the MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit.

Table 15. Evaluation of potentially interfering substances on the MarinaBiolab Nail Panel PCR Kit.

Substance Tested	Concentration Tested	Observed Interference	
Endogenous Substances			
Whole Blood	10% v/v	No Interference	
Human serum	5% v/v	No Interference	
Competitive Microorganisms			
Microsporum gypseum	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Microsporum audouinii	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Microsporum canis	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Malassezia sympodialis	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Trichosporon asahii	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Epidermophyton floccosum	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	

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Trichophyton soudanense	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Trichophyton terrestre	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Trichosporon mucoides	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Trichophyton tonsurans	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Trichophyton rubrum	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Trichophyton violaceum	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Trichophyton verrucosum	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Candida krusei	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Candida albicans	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Candida glabrata	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Candida parapsilosis	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Candida auris	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Aspergillus niger	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Aspergillus flavus	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Aspergillus fumigatus	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Aspergillus terreus	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Malassezia furfur	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Malassezia globose	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Malassezia restricta	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Fusarium oxysporum	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Trichophyton mentagrophytes	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Trichophyton interdigitale	1.0E+06 CFU/mL	No Interference	
Exogenous Substances			
Moisturizing Hand Cream	5% v/v	No Interference	
Specimen Collection Materials			
Nylon Flocked Swabs (Copan 553C)	N/A	No Interference	
Calcium Alginate Swabs (Puritan 25-801 A 50)	N/A	No Interference	

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11. TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Cause	Solution
Target-specific and/or internal control (IC) signals were detected in the Negative Control well.	Contamination may arise from the environment, contamination of extraction and/or qPCR reagents, or well-to-well cross-contamination. The signal observed is not true target amplification, but rather background curves generated by the software of the qPCR instrument.	Repeat the qPCR using fresh reagents. Follow the general GLP guidelines in a PCR lab (e.g., decontaminate all surfaces and instruments with sodium hypochlorite or ethanol, and ensure filter tips are used and changed between samples).
		It is recommended to set up the qPCR reactions in a separate area, where no RNA/DNA is handled, and with equipment designated solely for pre-PCR activities.
		Ignore the Cq value of the No Template Control (NTC) if the amplification curve appears to be background noise rather than a true signal. If the issue persists, contact Technical Support.
No IC signal is detected, but a target-specific signal is observed in the sample wells.	A high copy number of target nucleic acid in the samples leads to preferential amplification of the target-specific nucleic acid.	No action is required. The result is considered positive.
The Positive Control did not meet the criteria for acceptable values specified by the kit, rendering the assay invalid.	The Positive Control was not stored under the recommended conditions.	Check the kit label for the recommended storage conditions and expiration date.
	The kit has expired.	Replace the Positive Control. If necessary, use a new kit.
High Cq values were observed in the repeated samples.	The frozen samples were not mixed properly after thawing. Nucleic acids may be degraded.	Ensure frozen samples are thawed with mild agitation to guarantee thorough mixing.
		Make sure samples are stored correctly and are not subjected to multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
Target-specific and/or IC signals were detected after 35 cycles in the Positive Control.	Incorrect qPCR set-up or the kit reagents may have been compromised (e.g., improper storage or more than 15 freeze-thaw cycles).	Replace the control. If the problem persists, contact Technical Support.
No target-specific or IC signals were detected in the sample wells.	Sampling, extraction, or inhibition problem.	Dilute the nucleic acid isolate 1:10 and repeat the qPCR. If the diluted sample does not show a positive result in the IC channel, request a new sample and repeat the nucleic acid extraction.
		If necessary, repeat the nucleic acid extraction and the qPCR.
		If the issue persists, request a new sample, repeat the nucleic acid extraction and qPCR. If the problem continues, contact Technical Support.

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12. EXPLANATION of SYMBOLS

Symbol	Title of Symbol	Symbol	Title of Symbol
RUO	Research Use Only	\square	Use-by date
~	Manufacturer	LOT	Batch code
CONTROL -	Negative control	NON	Non-sterile
CONTROL +	Positive control	<u> i</u>	Consult instructions for use or consult electronic instructions for use
CONTROL	Control	\triangle	Caution
*	Temperature limit	REF	Catalogue number
类	Keep away from sunlight		Do not use if package is damaged and consult instructions for use
*	Keep dry	<u>11</u>	Keep upright
Σ	Contains sufficient for <n> tests</n>		Protect from heat and radioactive sources

Custom care and technical support

Tel: +1 510 579-5802

e-mail customer care: accounting@marinabiolab.com

e-mail Technical Support: rd@marinabiolab.com



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For research use only (RUO)! Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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